

IOM EMERGENCY NEEDS ASSESSMENTS

POST FEBRUARY 2006 DISPLACEMENT IN IRAQ

1 OCTOBER 2009 MONTHLY REPORT



Following the February 2006 bombing of the Samarra Al-Askari Mosque, escalating sectarian violence in Iraq caused massive displacement, both internal and to locations abroad. In coordination with the Iraqi government's Ministry of Displacement and Migration (MoDM), IOM continues to assess Iraqi displacement through a network of partners and monitors on the ground.

Most displacement over the past five years (since 2003) occurred in 2006 and has since slowed. However, displacement continues to occur in some locations and the humanitarian situation of those already displaced is worsening. Some Iraqis are returning, but their conditions in places of return are extremely difficult.

The estimated number of displaced since February 2006 is **more than 1.6 million individuals**¹.

SUMMARY OF CURRENT IRAQI DISPLACEMENT AND RETURN:

Iraq's substantial IDP population and gradually growing returnee population both continue to need humanitarian protection and assistance.

Displacement and return in Iraq continue to be complex issues, with situations varying regionally and between urban and rural contexts. As security becomes more challenging in Baghdad and other areas such as Ninewa, the situation remains relatively stable in other parts of the country. In these areas, former IDP families cite improved security as the chief reason for their return.

However, whether IDPs wish to integrate into their current places of displacement, return, or resettle, they are in need of assistance to do so in a timely and sustainable manner.

To date, IOM monitors have identified 55,940 returnee families, and this number is still increasing. However, these families need timely assistance to ensure a chance at sustainable return and to avoid secondary displacement. Returnees need help rebuilding houses and other property, income opportunities, and general community support for basic and social services.

As displacement is prolonged, many IDP families are still living in limbo, on property for which they have no official claim and with insufficient health services nearby.

This report also includes some basic information about IDP populations in Iraq displaced due to drought in Ninewa, Kirkuk, Anbar, Missan, and Basrah governorates. Other Iraqi families, particularly those in agriculturally areas, could potentially add to the large IDP population in the country if sufficient action is not taken on this issue.

In-depth governorate profiles, along with IOM's regular reporting on displacement, including returnees reports, biweekly updates, tent camp updates, and yearly and mid-year reviews, are available at <http://www.iom-iraq.net/library.html#IDP>



Working on House Rehabilitation in Wassit Governorate

¹ As per figures from the Kurdistan Regional Government (KRG) for the three northern governorates and the Iraqi Ministry of Migration (MoM) for the 15 central and southern governorates. See the IDP Working Group Internally Displaced Persons in Iraq Update (September 2008) for figures per governorate.

Country-wide Statistics:

Statistical information below is based on in-depth assessments of **227,472** families (estimated **1,364,832** individuals) displaced throughout Iraq since 22 February 2006. (Please note that this figure represents the total number that IOM monitors have assessed, not the total number of displaced in Iraq since 22 February 2006.) In addition, a summary of the 55,940 returnee families identified by IOM monitors has also been included.

Specific project recommendations to assist the needs described in this report as well as other critical areas throughout the country are stored in an IOM database as part of the IOM Joint Operations Cell information management system and are shared to encourage implementation by other humanitarian organizations. This database can be queried by geographic location, project cost, project sector, and other categories. For more information, please contact iomjoc@iom.int.

IDP Places of Origin:

Baghdad	61.3%	Basrah	1.4%
Diyala	19.4%	Babylon	1.1%
Ninewa	6.5%	Erbil	0.2%
Kirkuk	3.5%	Wassit	0.2%
Salah al-Din	3.4%	Thi-Qar	0.1%
Anbar	2.6%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	57.9%	Turkmen Sunni Muslim	1.1%
Arab Sunni Muslim	29.8%	Kurd Shia Muslim	0.6%
Kurd Sunni Muslim	4.3%	Armenian Christian	0.1%
Assyrian Christian	2.5%	Turkmen Christian	0.1%
Chaldean Christian	1.7%	Kurd Yazidi	0.1%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	1.2%		

Priority Needs of Iraqi IDPs by Governorate

Governorate	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Iraq	19.1%	64.9%	65.8%	5.7%	17.5%	73.6%	7.2%	16.5%	2.3%	20.7%
Anbar	24.3%	79.2%	93.0%	5.1%	7.1%	79.0%	1.3%	3.0%	0.2%	3.3%
Babylon	31.0%	60.3%	66.2%	5.2%	23.1%	76.1%	4.0%	23.1%	0.2%	9.4%
Baghdad	9.8%	72.4%	75.7%	2.8%	14.9%	72.5%	12.4%	5.5%	2.9%	28.9%
Basrah	12.2%	97.9%	71.0%	2.0%	2.3%	89.0%	0.2%	18.2%	0.1%	5.0%
Dahuk	3.6%	52.9%	42.0%	7.7%	15.0%	95.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.2%	44.4%
Diyala	35.1%	42.4%	87.5%	2.7%	17.3%	41.4%	1.6%	42.0%	3.7%	21.4%
Erbil	1.4%	92.3%	4.6%	18.2%	0.5%	80.7%	0.9%	29.1%	0.0%	1.1%
Kerbala	16.3%	50.0%	43.0%	3.1%	29.8%	90.3%	9.5%	33.3%	0.2%	11.6%
Kirkuk	24.2%	83.0%	27.0%	0.2%	11.6%	79.1%	4.2%	1.2%	2.0%	62.3%
Missan	39.1%	77.6%	56.2%	8.9%	18.7%	63.5%	3.8%	4.1%	4.3%	24.3%
Muthanna	33.8%	84.0%	65.8%	6.8%	14.7%	60.1%	20.3%	11.0%	3.9%	3.9%
Najaf	12.2%	40.2%	51.3%	3.5%	5.2%	91.7%	1.4%	77.3%	2.3%	9.7%
Ninewa	17.3%	90.9%	69.7%	5.7%	9.5%	87.6%	0.2%	4.8%	0.7%	13.4%
Qadissiya	16.5%	55.2%	80.0%	8.6%	24.1%	76.4%	3.3%	4.4%	5.8%	24.0%
Salah al-Din	0.6%	18.5%	80.5%	27.7%	1.1%	42.9%	1.0%	1.9%	0.5%	73.9%
Sulaymaniyah	30.1%	79.5%	74.5%	12.2%	26.1%	45.6%	7.4%	20.5%	0.8%	1.9%
Thi-Qar	18.4%	72.1%	41.0%	8.5%	33.6%	94.0%	12.8%	3.4%	0.8%	12.8%
Wassit	41.5%	54.3%	62.4%	2.6%	28.6%	84.2%	6.8%	11.8%	3.1%	4.8%

IDP Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop small business	Land for housing	Other
Iraq	81.7%	4.7%	8.6%	5.9%	2.4%	6.8%
Anbar	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Babylon	80.4%	8.4%	7.4%	1.7%	2.9%	1.1%
Baghdad	87.0%	1.8%	8.3%	1.3%	1.6%	0.8%
Basrah	91.3%	1.8%	5.4%	1.1%	0.3%	2.3%
Dahuk	71.1%	1.3%	15.3%	11.2%	2.4%	16.8%
Diyala	89.8%	7.2%	5.4%	15.4%	4.5%	3.6%
Erbil	65.1%	2.1%	18.3%	2.2%	2.0%	7.1%
Kerbala	93.4%	6.0%	2.7%	5.5%	3.7%	0.2%
Missan	81.6%	8.8%	5.6%	3.5%	0.9%	4.3%
Muthanna	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%
Najaf	98.9%	13.8%	2.2%	14.1%	0.8%	14.4%
Ninewa	59.6%	0.1%	19.5%	5.3%	0.6%	16.1%
Qadissiya	91.4%	3.2%	2.1%	5.3%	0.9%	3.9%
Salah al-Din	97.8%	7.2%	0.3%	0.9%	0.3%	0.0%
Sulaymaniyah	92.9%	7.8%	1.9%	5.1%	5.4%	2.2%
Kirkuk	81.3%	20.8%	8.3%	22.9%	14.6%	3.5%
Thi-Qar	88.6%	4.3%	1.1%	6.8%	0.0%	4.6%
Wassit	73.8%	8.2%	19.7%	1.6%	1.6%	0.0%

Returnees by Governorate:

Governorate	Number of Families Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Returnees from Inside
Total Iraq	55940	6.2%	93.8%
Anbar	5466	18.3%	81.7%
Babylon	250	9.2%	90.8%
Baghdad	32881	4.7%	95.3%
Basrah	500	0.4%	99.6%
Dahuk	3	0.0%	100.0%
Diyala	10611	1.5%	98.5%
Kerbala	295	20.3%	79.7%
Missan	626	48.7%	51.3%
Muthanna	64	87.5%	12.5%
Najaf	219	60.3%	39.7%
Ninewa	1547	0.6%	99.4%
Qadissiya	44	45.5%	54.5%
Salah al-Din	189	31.7%	68.3%
Kirkuk	3014	1.7%	98.3%
Thi-Qar	108	30.6%	69.4%
Wassit	123	26.8%	73.2%

Anbar:

Security in Anbar deteriorated during the months of August and September, reflected by an increase in violent incidents such as suicide attacks and car and roadside bombings. As yet, no displacement movements have resulted, though any such events add to the apprehension of IDP families considering return.

IDP families living in a former tourism complex on Lake Habaniya are in danger of eviction by local authorities.

IDP families in Anbar who have still not transferred their PDS cards from their places of origin are spending a significant amount of their income on transportation, so that they can retrieve their monthly PDS rations. In some cases, families can only afford to make the trip every few months.

Shelter continues to be a significant need for Anbar IDP families. For example, this month monitors visited an IDP family in Al Anqor area which is living in a mud hut. Another family in Al Aramil of Ramadi is living in a house with no windows or roof. The roof is a tent cloth covered with a plastic sheet.

IOM monitors have identified 126 families displaced due to drought, mostly originating from the heavily drought-affected Al Baaj district of Ninewa in 2008.

Assessment based on **5,575** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	71.3%	Diyala	1.2%
Anbar	16.9%	Erbil	0.2%
Basrah	4.8%	Babylon	0.2%
Ninewa	3.4%		
Salah al-Din	1.4%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Sunni Muslim	97.9%	Arab Shia Muslim	1.2%
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Priority Needs of Anbar IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Hygiene	Other
Total	25.7%	83.0%	97.6%	4.4%	4.9%	78.7%	0.2%	2.9%
Al-Ka'im	9.4%	93.1%	86.9%	0.4%	0.4%	83.0%	0.0%	7.3%
Al-Rutba	27.5%	72.5%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Falluja	31.4%	67.4%	99.6%	2.2%	9.7%	87.7%	0.0%	1.9%
Haditha	0.0%	87.7%	100.0%	0.0%	21.3%	81.7%	0.0%	9.3%
Heet	4.1%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	7.8%	89.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Ramadi	48.6%	76.4%	98.2%	13.1%	1.4%	57.0%	0.8%	2.1%
Ra'ua	12.7%	98.9%	97.0%	0.0%	0.4%	88.8%	0.0%	3.0%

Type of Property Left Behind

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Anbar Total	100.0%					
Al-Ka'im	100.0%					
Falluja	100.0%					
Haditha	100.0%					
Heet	100.0%					

Returnees in Anbar by District:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	5466	18.3%	81.7%
Al-Ka'im	309	32%	68%
Al-Rutba	183	42.1%	57.9%
Ana	107	14%	86%
Falluja	2456	11.2%	88.8%
Haditha	121	46.3%	53.7%
Heet	312	5.4%	94.6%
Ramadi	1363	22.6%	77.4%
Ra'ua	613	24.5%	75.5%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

July 2008 - Food and non-food item distribution to 3,000 IDPs and returnees completed

August 2008 – Food and non-food item distribution to 1,500 families completed

Community Assistance Projects:

July 2009 – Distribution of essential winter non-food items to 500 families who have handicapped members and are thus largely dependent upon external help.

Babylon:

Violent incidents and attacks increased in Babylon during August and September, preventing access to some IDP sites for IOM monitors, particularly in Al Musayab district. Travel delays were frequent as more checkpoints were put in place throughout the governorate.

159 IDP families are living in Hay al Risala location of Al Mahawil district. Families are mainly from Baghdad and Diyala, the majority living in rented homes or with the host community. However, poor families and those that are female-headed are living in illegally constructed houses in the area. These homes have no water network or sanitation system, and many cannot afford the local price of fuel.

70 IDP families have built houses on land for which they have no claim in Hay al-Teen area of Qassim sub-district. The families are at risk of eviction, and the houses are made of mud and lack all basic services. There is little opportunity for income there, and the population has many children and some female-headed households. Many of the children are not attending school.

Two families who returned to Al- Fayadhia village in Qassim sub-district returned to Abu Ghraib district of Baghdad, but were targeted with attacks. They have displaced again to Babylon.

Lack of water has also affected rural areas of Babylon, and there is risk of future displacement among agricultural families there who may leave in search of areas with sufficient water. Specifically, these areas include Al Eshghani, Al Abul Sada, Al Sufia, Al Islah, Al Deli, Edrees, and Islah al-Ibreesam villages. Many of the farmers in these locations have ceased planting their land. Some work as daily laborers in nearby towns and cities, but others are not able to find income at all.

Assessment based on **10,911** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	80.5%	Salah al-Din	1.9%
Babylon	7.5%	Kirkuk	1%
Diyala	5.8%	Wassit	0.8%
Anbar	2.2%	Ninewa	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	94.9%	Arab Yazidi	0.1%
Arab Sunni Muslim	4.9%	Kurdish Shia Muslim	0.1%

Priority Needs of Babylon IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	30.8%	58.5%	67.5%	5.5%	24.1%	74.8%	4.2%	24.0%	10.2%
Al-Mahawil	29.4%	48.4%	79.7%	2.5%	26.1%	80.9%	2.9%	26.5%	3.3%
Al-Musayab	30.4%	61.0%	83.2%	2.3%	24.0%	74.2%	1.5%	21.7%	1.8%
Hashimiya	56.0%	74.9%	46.8%	9.3%	27.2%	66.9%	2.8%	9.2%	7.0%
Hilla	20.0%	58.1%	62.1%	7.3%	20.9%	73.7%	6.9%	29.8%	20.0%

Housing:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	80.4%	8.4%	7.4%	1.7%	2.9%	1.1%
Al-Mahawil	70.0%	18.2%	4.5%	2.7%	6.4%	0.9%
Al-Musayab	61.8%	11.8%	14.7%	2.9%	8.8%	2.9%
Hashimiya	80.0%	16.5%	1.2%	0.0%	4.7%	1.2%
Hilla	84.1%	4.6%	8.7%	1.6%	1.4%	1.0%

Returnees

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	250	9.2%	90.8%
Al-Mahawil	39	2.6%	97.4%
Al-Musayab	197	8.6%	91.4%
Hilla	14	35.7%	64.3%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

November 2008 – Distribution of plastic sheeting to 50 IDP families living in precarious shelter conditions

March 2009 – Distribution of essential non-food items to 500 IDP and host community families

Community Assistance Projects:

February 2009 – Provided UPS to the General Teaching Hospital in Hillah

March 2009 – Conducted a pilot project facilitating the planning and transportation of IDP families back to their original homes.

Business Start-Up Projects:

Helped 19 individuals plan and start their businesses

Baghdad:

Violence continued this month in Baghdad, with many improvised explosive device (IED) explosions, and targeting of government officials and Sahwa (Awakening) members. Security measures are being heightened in response to fears of more attacks to come.

Despite the violent incidents, return continues to Baghdad, becoming more often a decision of individual families rather than groups. In some cases, large family groups are divided due to difficult conditions in displacement and in the place of origin. In Shawra Wa Um Jidir of Al Resafa district, some family members have chosen to remain in displacement, while others have returned.

In Hemedat village of Madai'n district, returnee families have expressed that they may become displaced again because of the severe lack of services such as water and electricity. Some families in this location are living in tents next to their homes, since the homes are completely destroyed. In this location families have no means to store water, and the nearest water source is 15 kilometers away. Almost a third of the children were unable to continue school while in displacement, and so they are years behind in their education. In addition, many families in this area have female heads of household.

Assessment based on **65,682** displaced families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	83.0%	Kirkuk	0.3%
Diyala	14.0%	Ninewa	0.2%
Anbar	1.4%	Babylon	0.1%
Salah al-Din	0.8%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	71.3%	Chaldean Christian	0.1%
Arab Sunni Muslim	28.3%		

Priority Needs of Baghdad IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	9.8%	72.4%	75.8%	2.8%	14.9%	72.4%	12.5%	5.5%	2.9%	28.7%
Abu Ghraib	42.8%	42.8%	57.2%	100.0%	0.0%	57.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Adhamia	18.1%	36.5%	55.0%	9.7%	33.6%	56.9%	27.1%	9.2%	5.9%	47.2%
Al Resafa	12.0%	61.7%	71.0%	5.1%	5.6%	70.1%	16.8%	7.7%	4.1%	43.6%
Kadhimia	2.9%	90.7%	84.6%	0.1%	6.2%	43.8%	39.3%	1.6%	0.4%	30.4%
Karkh	9.1%	72.3%	82.2%	1.9%	15.4%	87.6%	4.5%	7.6%	3.0%	12.7%
Mada'in	51.2%	35.9%	79.2%	0.0%	27.1%	20.9%	25.8%	0.0%	5.4%	54.5%
Mahmoudiya	26.7%	58.6%	14.6%	2.6%	34.9%	43.1%	45.3%	5.0%	0.0%	69.0%
Tarmia	9.0%	96.9%	99.8%	0.0%	0.7%	89.0%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	1.5%
Thawra1	2.7%	94.2%	55.8%	0.0%	13.7%	83.8%	0.3%	0.0%	5.5%	41.1%

Housing:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop small business	Land for housing	Other
Baghdad Total	87.0%	1.8%	8.3%	1.3%	1.6%	0.8%
Adhamia	85.1%	0.0%	12.2%	1.4%	1.4%	0.0%
Al Resafa	88.5%	1.8%	8.3%	1.2%	0.5%	0.7%
Kadhimia	92.4%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	4.2%	1.7%
Karkh	80.5%	1.7%	13.2%	1.1%	2.9%	0.6%
Mada'in	97.1%	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mahmoudiya	66.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	16.7%
Thawra1	81.3%	10.4%	4.2%	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	32881	4.7%	95.3%
Abu Ghraib	1580	0.3%	99.7%
Adhamia	1462	8.7%	91.3%
Adhamiya / Istiqlal	1011	0.4%	99.6%
Al Resafa	1513	19.6%	80.4%
Kadhimia	3409	3.6%	96.4%
Karkh	14279	6.7%	93.3%
Mada'in	2923	0.0%	100%
Mahmoudiya	2433	0.8%	99.2%
Tarmia	51	0.0%	100%
Thawra1	4220	0.3%	99.7%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:**Emergency Distributions in 2009:**

- IOM completed food and essential non-food item distributions to a total of 2,630 IDP, returnee and host community families in Baghdad and surrounding districts.
- IOM is currently distributing air coolers and water tanks to 150 IDPs, household items, air coolers and water tanks to 30 IDPs and water tanks to 50 returnees.

Community Assistance Projects:

January 2009 – Provided school kits and supplies to 2,262 students

February 2009 – Completed distribution of water filters, hygiene kits, and a hygiene awareness campaign to 600 IDP families

February 2009 – Provided legal help and psycho-social support to 201 vulnerable women
 July 2009 – Completed the rehabilitation of two local schools

Business Start-Up Projects

Aided 302 individuals plan and start a new business

Basrah:

Security continues to be stable in Basrah.

Due to the high salinity of water in Basrah, water for drinking and agricultural use is becoming alarmingly scarce. 200 families were displaced due to these issues, but water trucking and other immediate responses have assisted remaining families to stay in place for the moment.

Assessment based on **3,773** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	50.0%	Babylon	2.6%
Salah al-Din	26.3%	Basrah	0.7%
Anbar	8.5%	Wassit	0.3%
Kirkuk	5.9%	Ninewa	0.3%
Diyala	5.4%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	99.8%	Arab Sabean Mandeian	0.2%
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Priority Needs of Basrah IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	12.2%	97.9%	71.0%	2.0%	2.3%	89.0%	0.2%	18.2%	5.1%
Abu Al-Khaseeb	24.2%	98.2%	51.5%	0.0%	2.1%	79.9%	0.8%	36.3%	3.9%
Al-Midaina	6.7%	100.0%	61.9%	8.6%	2.5%	98.7%	0.0%	5.7%	15.9%
Al-Qurna	0.0%	100.0%	64.5%	0.0%	0.0%	98.9%	0.0%	33.3%	3.3%
Al-Zubair	7.5%	95.6%	73.0%	1.9%	3.0%	90.0%	0.2%	17.7%	7.2%
Basrah	12.7%	98.3%	75.8%	1.6%	2.4%	88.2%	0.2%	15.1%	3.4%
Fao	8.1%	100.0%	40.5%	0.0%	2.7%	91.9%	0.0%	56.8%	0.0%
Shatt Al-Arab	22.6%	92.7%	81.8%	0.7%	0.0%	84.7%	0.0%	12.4%	2.2%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	91.3%	1.8%	5.4%	1.1%	0.3%	2.3%
Abu Al-Khaseeb	89.2%	0.0%	8.1%	0.0%	0.0%	5.4%
Al-Midaina	90.2%	4.9%	4.9%	1.6%	1.6%	0.0%
Al-Qurna	97.5%	2.5%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Zubair	93.0%	1.2%	5.8%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Basrah	91.6%	1.7%	5.0%	1.3%	0.2%	2.4%
Fao	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Shatt Al-Arab	71.4%	0.0%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%

Returnees

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	500	0.4%	99.6%
Abu Al-Khaseeb	308	0%	100%
Al-Zubair	75	0	100%

Basrah	103	1.9%	98.1%
Fao	10	0%	100%
Heet	312	5.4%	94.6%
Ramadi	1363	22.6%	77.4%
Ra'ua	613	24.5%	75.5%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

March 2009 - Distributed food and essential non-food items to a total of 1600 vulnerable IDP families in the remote villages of the governorate

March 2009 - Provided basic supplies (linen and antiseptic materials) to seven hospitals, covering more than 930 beds.

Ongoing - IOM is currently distributing essential NFIs to 1500 vulnerable IDP, host community, and returnee families across the governorate.

Community Assistance Projects:

April 2009 – Provided five schools with purification and desalination units

September 2009 – Facilitated Health awareness campaigns for 1,886 school children and 2,593 housewives

Dahuk:

Security in Dahuk is stable, and freedom of movement throughout the province is relatively uninhibited.

IDP families in Dahuk complain of the high cost of rented homes which take a large portion of their monthly income, even if they are employed.

12 IDP families live in Kerchin village of Sumel district, where the whole village is in need of a water tank or rehabilitation of the aged and ineffective water network.

Assessment based on **4,413** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	51.4%	Basrah	0.4%
Ninewa	47.3%	Anbar	0.2%
Kirkuk	0.5%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Sunni Muslim Kurd	41.0%	Shia Muslim Arab	1.8%
Christian Chaldean	29.2%	Shia Muslim Turkmen	0.6%
Christian Assyrian	18.9%	Shia Muslim Kurd	0.2%
Christian Armenian	3.0%	Sunni Muslim Turkmen	0.3%
Yazidi Kurd	2.0%	Christian Kurd	0.2%
Sunni Muslim Arab	1.8%		

Date of Displacement

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	3.6%	52.9%	42.0%	7.7%	15.0%	95.0%	0.6%	0.6%	44.6%
Amedi	22.8%	10.4%	6.6%	21.1%	19.3%	96.9%	4.3%	0.6%	7.0%
Dahuk	0.7%	68.8%	61.1%	4.7%	15.8%	94.5%	0.1%	0.7%	54.8%
Sumel	3.2%	37.5%	13.7%	8.2%	8.7%	94.4%	0.1%	0.2%	28.7%
Zakho	0.7%	30.1%	15.7%	10.6%	16.7%	97.0%	0.5%		53.9%

Housing:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop small business	Land for housing	Other
Dahuk Total	71.1%	1.3%	15.3%	11.2%	2.4%	16.8%
Amedi	59.7%	0.5%	27.9%	6.0%	1.5%	11.9%
Dahuk	79.5%	2.0%	13.7%	13.7%	3.9%	11.9%
Sumel	55.0%	0.2%	19.4%	3.7%	0.0%	29.7%
Zakho	67.9%	0.4%	4.9%	17.1%	0.0%	20.3%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	3	0	100%
Dahuk	3	0	100%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:**Emergency Distributions:**

February 2009 - Completed trucking water in several communities affected by drought, distributing over a half million liters of water to 11,000 individuals daily.

Ongoing - Distributing food and non-food items to 400 families.

Community Assistance Projects:

July 2009 – Funded the creation and development of 20 individual businesses by providing tool kits and vocational trainings

Diyala:

While security has been slowly improving in Diyala, certain parts of the governorate saw increased levels of violence this month. Bombings were almost daily in parts of Baquba district. Some returnees have been targeted, such as those in Al Ward village in Wajihya. The whole village returned together, but they were attacked by groups from neighboring villages, causing them to be displaced again to Al Dawagen village.

However, returns are still continuing to other parts of Diyala governorate, as people are anxious to reclaim their homes and their lands, even in the face of possible violence.

IDP families living in a public building in the suburbs of Muqdadiya have no electricity and water services and are living in harsh conditions.

Assessment based on **17,022** families.

Places of Origin:

Diyala	83.5%	Salah al-Din	0.3%
Baghdad	15.4%	Kirkuk	0.1%
Anbar	0.4%	Babylon	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Sunni Muslim	58.8%	Kurd Sunni Muslim	2.3%
Arab Shia Muslim	31.6%	Turkmen Shia Muslim	0.5%
Kurd Shia Muslim	6.2%	Turkmen Sunni Muslim	0.5%

Priority Needs of Diyala IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	35.1%	42.4%	87.5%	2.7%	17.3%	41.4%	1.6%	42.0%	3.7%
Al-Khalis	62.2%	18.6%	93.1%	0.4%	41.0%	35.2%	0.0%	22.3%	4.9%

Al-Muqdadiya	19.6%	56.6%	91.6%	6.1%	11.7%	36.3%	0.7%	53.9%	0.0%
Baladrooz	16.3%	60.8%	96.5%	4.2%	2.6%	43.7%	3.3%	59.7%	0.0%
Ba'quba	53.2%	47.6%	66.5%	0.1%	15.9%	53.6%	4.3%	37.8%	13.0%
Khanaqin	20.0%	32.2%	89.7%	2.4%	9.8%	46.4%	0.0%	47.0%	0.0%
Kifri	0.0%	10.8%	90.3%	0.4%	0.0%	15.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Type of Property Left Behind

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	89.8%	7.2%	5.4%	15.4%	4.5%	3.6%
Al-Khalis	73.3%	0.0%	13.3%	20.0%	13.3%	6.7%
Al-Muqdadiya	84.0%	9.9%	11.1%	18.5%	4.9%	3.7%
Baladrooz	97.3%	18.9%	0.0%	43.2%	2.7%	2.7%
Ba'quba	77.0%	11.5%	8.2%	23.0%	13.1%	11.5%
Khanaqin	97.2%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Kifri	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	10611	1.5%	98.5%
Al-Khalis	2320	1.6%	98.4%
Al-Moqdadiya	75	0.0%	100%
Al-Muqdadiya	3731	1.7%	98.3%
Baladrooz	762	2.8%	97.2%
Ba'quba	2746	1.0%	99%
Khanaqin	954	1.6%	98.4%
Qanaqeen	23	0.0%	100%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Assistance:

June 2009 – Provided 1500 non-food item baskets for distribution

September 2009 – Providing food baskets to 1850 IDP families

Business Start-Up Projects

Helped 40 individuals plan and start businesses

Erbil:

Security in Erbil is stable.

IDP families in urban areas of Erbil continue to search for work in order to afford the high cost of local rent.

In some cases, such as 110 IDP families in Bnaslawa and Kasnazan sub-districts, families raise different types of livestock to support themselves. They need assistance in order to keep these animals in good health, as they are the only source of income.

Assessment based on **6,799** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	50.6%	Erbil	0.3%
Ninewa	43.1%	Babylon	0.2%

Kirkuk	2.1%	Qadissiya	0.1%
Diyala	1.6%	Muthanna	0.1%
Anbar	0.8%	Basrah	0.1%
Salah al-Din	0.4%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Kurd Sunni Muslim	39.2%	Turkmen Sunni Muslim	0.5%
Arab Sunni Muslim	33.3%	Arab Christian	0.2%
Chaldean Christian	16.3%	Kurd Shia Muslim	0.2%
Assyrian Christian	4.3%	Arab Sabeen Mandeian	0.1%
Arab Shia Muslim	1.5%	Kurd Christian	0.1%
Armenian Christian	0.7%		

Priority Needs of Erbil IDPs (by District)

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	1.4%	92.3%	4.6%	18.2%	0.5%	80.7%	0.9%	29.1%	1.1%
Choman	0.0%	97.9%	0.0%	4.2%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Erbil	1.5%	92.3%	4.1%	20.0%	0.4%	79.1%	1.1%	30.9%	1.3%
Koisanjaq	0.0%	99.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	96.5%	0.0%	8.0%	0.0%
Makhmur	0.0%	80.4%	59.8%	3.9%	0.0%	92.2%	0.0%	18.6%	0.0%
Mergasur	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	91.4%	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%
Shaqalawa	0.0%	93.9%	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%	95.1%	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%
Soran	0.0%	83.0%	1.3%	7.5%	6.3%	93.7%	0.0%	32.7%	0.0%

Housing:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	65.1%	2.1%	18.3%	2.2%	2.0%	7.1%
Choman	72.7%	0.0%	27.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Erbil	64.1%	2.3%	18.7%	2.4%	1.1%	7.9%
Koisanjaq	25.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Makhmur	60.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	39.1%	0.0%
Mergasur	55.6%	0.0%	44.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Shaqalawa	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Soran	91.3%	0.0%	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

March 2009 - Completed trucking water in drought-affected communities, assisting over 21,000 individuals with over a million liters of potable water daily and distribution of NFIs to 511 families

Kerbala:

The security situation in Kerbala governorate reflected more tension than in past months as campaigning begins for the national elections scheduled for January 2010.

In late August, 86 IDP families were evicted from their homes in Hay Al Amel. Their homes were built illegally on government land, and they were given one week's notice to resettle elsewhere. Currently they have been issued tents by the Iraqi Red Crescent Society. However, it is not clear for how long they will be able to use these tents, and they are in need of a more realistic solution.

In Al Wala'a location of Kerbala district, IDP and host community children are collecting metal cans from the garbage in order to gain a small amount of income for their families. The children, who are missing school, are also faced with growing health problems that their families cannot afford to treat.

Areas to the west of Kerbala city such as Al Shareea'a, Um Gharaghir, Al Jamaliya, and Al Hur al Saghrir, have been badly affected by seasonal drought for the past several years. There is not yet displacement due to drought in these areas, but people are at risk for this in the future.

Assessment based on **11,885** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	58.7%	Babylon	3.0%
Diyala	26.0%	Kirkuk	1.2%
Anbar	7.0%	Salah al-Din	1.6%
Ninewa	2.5%	Kerbala	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	98.6%	Arab Yazidi	0.2%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	1.0%		

Priority Needs of Kerbala IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	17.1%	51.2%	42.3%	3.4%	29.1%	90.4%	9.3%	32.7%	0.3%
Ain Al-Tamur	32.7%	59.3%	30.1%	0.5%	20.8%	88.0%	11.6%	20.8%	0.0%
Al-Hindiya	5.1%	51.8%	55.9%	1.0%	16.1%	86.3%	13.4%	20.3%	0.0%
Kerbala	15.9%	47.6%	42.1%	4.1%	34.8%	91.4%	8.1%	38.8%	7.5%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	93.4%	6.0%	2.7%	5.5%	3.7%	0.2%
Ain Al-Tamur	93.3%	10.0%	3.3%	6.7%	10.0%	
Al-Hindiya	96.1%	2.9%	2.9%	4.9%	3.4%	
Kerbala	91.8%	7.6%	2.4%	5.8%	3.4%	0.3%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	295	20.3%	79.7%
Ain Al-Tamur	21	0.0%	100%
Al-Hindiya	111	0.0%	100%
Kerbala	163	36.8%	63.2%

Recent emergency distribution assistance conducted by IOM (2007-2009):

Emergency Distributions:

February 2009 - IOM targeted 30 highly vulnerable IDP families with essential non-food items.

May 2009 - IOM completed distributing essential NFIs to 1200 IDP, host community, returnee and vulnerable families across the governorate.

Kirkuk:

Violent attacks continue to cause more casualties in volatile Kirkuk governorate. In addition, recent raids by Iraqi police in certain parts of the governorate have resulted in arrests, including members of IDP families in the areas. Some IDP families reported that their resulting fear may bring them to return to their places of origin, even though they do not yet feel it is safe to do so.

In Al Himarah village of Daquq district, six returnee families were displaced once again after receiving an

anonymous threat.

A tent camp has been established in Taza village to house families whose homes were destroyed in the recent bombing there.

In Kirkuk, IOM monitors have identified an estimated 1000 families displaced in search of water during the last three years. Another 2200 families are affected and could also become displaced if the need for water continues. Drought-related displacement is currently in Rashad, Riyadh, and Maltkah sub-districts.

Assessment based on **12,723** families.

Places of Origin:

Kirkuk	25.7%	Anbar	4.4%
Diyala	23.5%	Erbil	1.8%
Baghdad	16.5%	Basrah	0.3%
Salah al-Din	15.1%	Babylon	0.2%
Ninewa	12.3%	Najaf	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Sunni Muslim	54.6%	Assyrian Christian	1.6%
Kurd Sunni Muslim	19.5%	Kurd Shia Muslim	1.0%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	14.2%	Chaldean Christian	1.1%
Arab Shia Muslim	3.5%	Armenian Christian	0.2%
Turkmen Sunni Muslim	3.7%		

Priority Needs of Kirkuk IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	30.1%	79.5%	74.5%	12.2%	26.1%	45.6%	7.4%	20.5%	2.7%
Al-Hawiga	57.8%	73.7%	93.8%	2.6%	30.5%	19.9%	8.4%	5.9%	0.0%
Dabes	28.9%	85.4%	96.8%	0.0%	10.9%	60.7%	0.0%	17.3%	0.0%
Daquq	26.2%	73.6%	98.2%	6.1%	30.5%	47.1%	4.7%	12.4%	1.1%
Kirkuk	26.2%	83.9%	53.7%	19.2%	23.6%	49.2%	9.4%	29.1%	4.5%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	81.3%	20.8%	8.3%	22.9%	14.6%	3.5%
Al-Hawiga	20.0%	86.7%	0.0%	6.7%	80.0%	0.0%
Daquq	96.0%	12.0%	4.0%	40.0%	4.0%	8.0%
Kirkuk	86.5%	13.5%	10.6%	21.2%	7.7%	2.9%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	3014	1.7%	98.3%
Al-Hawiga	1307	0%	100%
Dabes	44	0%	100%
Daquq	449	0%	100%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

January 2009 - IOM completed distributing non-food items, fuel and clothes to 532 women-headed households in Kirkuk.

Ongoing - Distribution of essential NFIs to 1200 IDP, host community, returnee and vulnerable families across the governorate will be extended to include 1000 more families

Community Assistance Projects:

February 2009 – Provide training and education to 150 parents of children with cerebral palsy

Missan:

Security remains stable in Missan.

A group of IDP families were evicted by local authorities in Hay al Zahrah of Amara district because their homes were affecting a construction project. 6 families have been asked to leave a public building belonging to the Ministry of Defense. They do not have a ready housing alternative.

IOM monitors have identified 131 families displaced due to drought in Al Bayyda area of Amara district. Many of them were farmers unable to plant their fields, and they would like to return, given improved access to water.

Assessment based on 7,871 families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	82.0%	Wassit	0.6%
Diyala	8.4%	Babylon	0.3%
Salah al-Din	5.9%	Ninewa	0.2%
Kirkuk	1.6%	Basrah	0.2%
Anbar	0.8%	Missan	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	99.9%	Arab Sabean Mandeian	0.1%
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Priority Needs of Missan IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	24.2%	83.0%	27.0%	11.6%	79.1%	4.2%	1.2%	2.0%	62.5%
Ali Al-Gharbi	38.7%	73.2%	29.6%	8.5%	65.1%	4.5%	0.6%	2.8%	77.1%
Al-Kahla	35.9%	80.9%	23.8%	9.2%	74.1%	0.6%	0.8%	0.9%	73.7%
Al-Maimouna	17.9%	89.6%	14.5%	5.2%	85.5%	5.1%	0.0%	2.3%	80.0%
Al-Mejar	19.2%	90.9%	43.3%	20.9%	81.5%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	41.3%
Amara	17.8%	85.9%	21.5%	13.6%	85.7%	5.4%	2.1%	2.5%	54.8%
Qal'at Saleh	39.1%	69.3%	43.2%	4.3%	60.6%	2.2%	0.2%	1.4%	79.5%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	81.6%	8.8%	5.6%	3.5%	0.9%	4.3%
Ali Al-Gharbi	82.5%	6.2%	12.4%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Kahla	76.8%	7.1%	16.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Maimouna	80.8%	8.1%	8.1%	0.0%	2.0%	1.0%
Al-Mejar Al-Kabi	79.8%	9.6%	5.3%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Amara	83.6%	7.3%	3.0%	4.8%	1.1%	7.8%
Qal'at Saleh	76.1%	20.4%	2.7%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	626	48.7%	51.3%
Ali Al-Gharbi	41	36.6%	63.4%

Amara	585	49.6%	50.4%
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Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

March 2009 - Completed distributing clothes to 2,000 children from 670 vulnerable families

Community Assistance Projects:

February 2009 – Provided seven hospitals with basic supplies such as bed linens, pillows, and towels

March 2009 – Provided 2000 students with “back to school” supply kit

Business Start-Up Projects:

Helped 15 individuals plan and start a business

Muthanna:

Security in Muthanna is stable.

Assessment based on **3,218** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	69.6%	Wassit	1.8%
Diyala	13.6%	Ninewa	1.4%
Anbar	7.0%	Qadissiya	0.5%
Salah al-Din	3.2%	Erbil	0.3%
Babylon	2.5%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	99.5%	Arab Sunni Muslim	0.5%
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Priority Needs of Muthanna IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	39.1%	77.6%	56.2%	8.9%	18.7%	63.5%	3.8%	4.1%	4.3%	24.3%
Al Khidhir	35.2%	61.0%	67.6%	32.4%	24.8%	72.4%		6.7%		
Al-Rumaitha	52.7%	78.8%	49.1%	9.1%	17.7%	60.7%	3.3%	1.4%	0.6%	28.0%
Al-Salman	53.8%	46.2%	100.0%		53.8%	46.2%				
Al-Samawa	18.4%	77.6%	65.7%	6.9%	19.3%	67.4%	4.9%	8.0%	10.4%	21.0%

IDP Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	100.0%					8.3%
Al-Rumaitha	100.0%					16.7%
Al-Samawa	100.0%					

Returnees

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	64	87.5%	12.5%
Al Khidhir	2	100%	0.0%
Al-Rumaitha	27	74.1%	25.9%
Al-Samawa	35	97.1%	2.9%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM :

None to date.

Najaf:

Security in Najaf is stable.

In Al Mishkab sub-district of Al Manathera district, more than 30 IDP families have no access to clean water, getting their water straight from a nearby river. Many of these IDPs suffer from skin rashes and diarrhea, which are particularly prevalent among the children there.

Water is a concern for IDP and host community families alike, particularly those who work in agriculture. In some cases, the land has been too dry for planting. In areas of Al Abbasiya, Al Hurriya, and Al Haidariya, IDP and host community families who depend on farming to live were not able to work the land this year due to lack of water. These families have not yet displaced – or secondarily displaced – but they are at risk to do so.

Assessment based on **6,408** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	82.5%	Salah al-Din	1.6%
Diyala	7.7%	Kirkuk	1.4%
Ninewa	3.2%	Babylon	1.0%
Anbar	2.4%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	97.3%	Arab Christian	0.8%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	1.9%		

Priority Needs of Najaf IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	33.7%	84.8%	66.6%	6.7%	14.1%	59.4%	20.9%	10.1%	3.9%	4.0%
Al-Manathera	34.1%	79.1%	62.7%	6.4%	14.5%	68.2%	19.1%	0.0%	9.5%	5.9%
Kufa	30.3%	95.2%	72.1%	4.2%	8.3%	60.0%	17.9%	4.5%	3.2%	2.7%
Najaf	35.0%	81.1%	64.8%	7.7%	16.3%	58.7%	22.2%	12.8%	3.8%	4.4%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	98.9%	13.8%	2.2%	14.1%	0.8%	14.4%
Al-Manathera	100.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kufa	98.9%	9.6%	1.1%	3.2%	0.0%	3.2%
Najaf	98.8%	15.4%	2.7%	18.9%	1.2%	19.3%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	219	60.3%	39.7%
Al-Manathera	14	100%	0%
Kufa	45	28.9%	71.1%
Najaf	160	65.6%	34.4%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

February 2009 - Distributed non-food items to 316 mostly IDP, highly vulnerable families.

March 2009 - Completed distribution of non-food items to 525 IDP and host community families

Ongoing - IOM is currently distributing non-food items to 150 families

Community Assistance Projects:

Ongoing – Rehabilitating sanitation units and providing desks to two local primary schools

Ongoing – Rehabilitating sanitation units and facilities in the area's Health Center

Ninewa:

Ninewa continues to be plagued by violent attacks and general instability. Some of the bombings, such as those in Al Shirekhan, Wardak, Mosul City, and Zumar, have left many dead and injured. Some families at the site of each attack have lost their homes and businesses.

In addition, Ninewa is one of the governorates most heavily affected by drought-related displacement. IOM monitors have identified 1900 families in Al Hatra, Al Baj, Sinjar, and Telafer districts, along with Tal Abtah sub-district displaced due to drought. Most of these families were displaced during the 2008 and 2009.

Assessment based on **13,198** families.

Places of Origin:

Ninewa	50.4%	Salah al-Din	0.5%
Baghdad	40.2%	Babylon	0.4%
Basrah	5.5%	Wassit	0.2%
Diyala	1.0%	Thi-Qar	0.1%
Kirkuk	0.8%	Qadissiya	0.1%
Anbar	0.6%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Assyrian Christian	32.9%	Turkmen Christian	1.1%
Arab Sunni Muslim	30.8%	Arab Shia Muslim	0.9%
Turkmen Sunni Muslim	14.1%	Arab Yazidi	0.3%
Chaldean Christian	9.7%	Armenian Christian	0.2%
Kurd Sunni Muslim	4.4%	Turkmen Christian	0.2%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	2.8%	Kurd Yazidi	0.2%

Priority Needs of Ninewa IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	12.2%	40.2%	51.3%	3.5%	5.2%	91.7%	77.3%	2.3%	11.1%
Akre	1.2%	53.7%	25.2%	0.2%	5.2%	99.0%		1.0%	72.4%
Al-Ba'aj	88.3%	1.1%	98.9%	10.0%	0.0%	100.0%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Hamdaniya	4.3%	51.0%	44.7%	0.0%	0.8%	97.7%	97.3%	0.0%	1.5%
Al-Shikhan	3.4%	50.2%	25.2%	10.7%	1.1%	99.2%	36.8%	3.6%	30.7%
Hatra	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Mosul	8.6%	39.1%	47.7%	5.6%	8.3%	86.8%	85.0%	4.8%	14.5%
Sinjar	40.3%	41.5%	34.0%	0.0%	34.0%	50.3%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Telafer	29.9%	41.7%	5.0%	0.4%	17.5%	76.0%	95.0%	7.2%	24.7%
Tilkaif	0.7%	41.0%	63.8%	1.0%	2.8%	94.6%	85.7%	0.2%	3.4%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	59.6%	0.1%	19.5%	5.3%	0.6%	16.1%
Akre	59.7%	0.3%	24.4%	8.4%	0.3%	7.8%
Al-Hamdaniya	25.0%	0.0%	41.7%	8.3%	0.0%	25.0%
Al-Shikhan	47.2%	0.0%	21.5%	4.9%	0.0%	26.4%

Mosul	43.8%	0.0%	25.0%	18.8%	12.5%	0.0%
Tilkaif	66.5%	0.0%	13.4%	2.0%	0.6%	19.6%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returned from Abroad	Inside
Total	1547	0.6%	99.4%
Akre	1	0%	100%
Al-Ba'aj	42	0%	100%
Al-Hamdaniya	1	0	100%
Mosul	387	0%	100%
Sinjar	1	0%	100%
Telafar	1115	0.8%	99.2%
Total	1547	0.6%	99.4%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Assistance:

February 2009 - Distributed fuel, heaters, and fire extinguishers to 10 schools with 4,338 students

February, June, September 2009 – Targeted Water trucking to Ninewa's villages

February 2009 - Distributed winter clothes to 739 students and non-food items to 1,623 families

May 2009 - Distributed of food and non-food items to 1,200 IDP and host community families

Community Assistance Projects:

May 2009 – Drilled two deep wells, expanded water networks and installed pumps and generators

May 2009 – Provided fire extinguishers, heaters, whiteboards, desks, and power generations to the Department of Education in Ninewa

September 2009 – Extended a primary school by adding classrooms, sanitation units, and walkways

Business Start-Up Projects:

Helped 45 individuals plan and start a business

Qadissiya:

Security remains stable in Qadissiya governorate.

In Hay al-Salam location of Al Bdeer sub-district, 47 IDP families are living in an informal group settlement. They are living on land for which they have no claim, in houses made of mud and wood. The only accessible source of water is the nearby canal, and so they use this for drinking, washing, and cooking.

Also in Al Bdeer sub-district, 45 IDP families are living in Al Zameel area, squatting on land in houses of mud and wood. The nearby wells that they use for all water needs are not safe to drink. In both Al Zameel and Hay al-Salam, trash surrounds the area and electricity is available only by connecting illegally – and dangerously – to nearby neighborhood wires.

Assessment based on **5,949** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	75.0%	Salah al-Din	3.3%
Diyala	12.5%	Babylon	1.4%
Kirkuk	4.2%	Wassit	0.1%
Anbar	3.4%	Ninewa	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	99.8%	Arab Sunni Muslim	0.1%
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Priority Needs of Qadissiya IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	17.3%	90.9%	69.7%	5.7%	9.5%	87.6%	4.8%	0.7%	13.6%
Afaq	34.7%	100.0%	69.5%	0.0%	0.1%	78.1%	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%
Al-Shamiya	9.1%	69.5%	62.3%	2.6%	12.1%	95.6%	31.3%	4.5%	11.8%
Diwaniya	15.4%	94.3%	75.5%	9.1%	8.2%	85.1%	0.9%	0.2%	10.9%
Hamza	17.5%	88.7%	55.7%	0.0%	18.2%	96.5%	2.2%	0.0%	21.3%

Type of Property Left Behind

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	91.4%	3.2%	2.1%	5.3%	0.9%	3.9%
Afaq	91.2%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Al-Shamiya	90.4%	7.8%	4.2%	19.8%	0.6%	0.6%
Diwaniya	90.4%	2.0%	1.8%	1.4%	1.0%	5.8%
Hamza	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees Abroad	Inside
Total	44	45.5%	54.5%
Al-Shamiya	40	50%	50%
Diwaniya	4	0	100%
Total	44	45.5%	54.5%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

Ongoing – Distribution of NFIs to 1,000 families in Diwanya and other districts in Qadissiya

Salah al-Din

Security is relatively stable in Salah al-Din, with some violence and increased political tension recently. Precautions and checkpoints have been increased as a response to violence in Baghdad and Ninewa governorates.

251 IDP families are under threat of eviction in Al Nafut compound of Baiji district, though the governorate authorities have delayed this action, as these families have nowhere else to go. Conditions in Al Nafut are harsh, and the nearest health clinic is prohibitively far away.

IOM monitors have identified 895 families displaced for drought-related reasons.

Assessment based on **16,567** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	49.9%	Ninewa	2.1%
Kirkuk	14.6%	Erbil	1.7%
Basrah	11.9%	Wassit	0.8%
Diyala	10.6%	Thi-Qar	0.6%
Salah al-Din	5.1%	Babylon	0.6%
Anbar	2.1%	Qadissiya	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Sunni Muslim	96.6%	Kurd Sunni Muslim	0.4%
Arab Shia Muslim	2.0%	Turkmen Sunni Muslim	0.1%
Turkmen Shia Muslim	0.9%		

Priority Needs of Salah al-Din IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	16.5%	55.2%	80.0%	8.6%	24.1%	76.4%	3.3%	4.4%	5.8%	24.9%
Al-Daur	4.6%	41.9%	93.2%	0.0%	49.0%	93.7%	1.0%	6.6%	1.3%	8.7%
Al-Fares	13.9%	100.0%	59.8%	0.0%	1.4%	84.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	40.2%
Al-Shirqat	14.1%	40.3%	66.4%	33.7%	36.3%	85.2%	6.4%	0.4%	0.0%	15.8%
Baiji	5.1%	45.2%	90.9%	10.4%	17.1%	87.2%	2.9%	2.4%	4.1%	34.3%
Balad	25.4%	93.5%	73.8%	0.0%	0.4%	67.6%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	14.3%
Samarra	13.0%	91.7%	93.6%	0.0%	1.1%	71.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.8%	9.8%
Tikrit	24.3%	48.1%	74.9%	7.9%	30.7%	69.7%	3.9%	7.5%	3.2%	26.4%
Tooz	10.5%	86.4%	91.7%	0.0%	3.3%	56.5%	10.0%	3.4%	13.8%	24.3%
Total	16.5%	55.2%	80.0%	8.6%	24.1%	76.4%	3.3%	4.4%	5.8%	24.0%
Al-Daur	4.6%	41.9%	93.2%	0.0%	49.0%	93.7%	1.0%	6.6%	1.3%	8.7%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	97.8%	7.2%	0.3%	0.9%	0.3%	97.8%
Al-Shirqat	96.7%	3.3%	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	96.7%
Baiji	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Balad	93.3%	4.4%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	93.3%
Samarra	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Tikrit	98.5%	13.9%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	98.5%
Tooz	97.0%	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	97.0%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	189	31.7%	68.3%
Al-Daur	8	100%	0%
Baiji	22	54.5%	45.5%
Balad	63	34.9%	65.1%
Samarra	91	19.8%	80.2%
Tikrit	5	0%	100%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

February 2009 - Distributed food and non-food items to 1,500 IDP and host community families
 May 2009 - Completed distributing essential non-food items to 1200 IDP, host community, returnee and vulnerable families across the governorate

Community Assistance Projects:

January 2009 – Provide back-to-school supply kits to 2,946 students

Sulaymaniyah:

As with Dahuk and Erbil governorates, security in Sulaymaniyah is stable.

102 IDP families originating from Baghdad and Diyala who are currently located in Darbandikhan district, are not able to send their children to school because there is no nearby Arabic-language school. This affects approximately 221 children.

Assessment based on **6,734** families.

Places of Origin:

Diyala	83.5%	Salah al-Din	0.3%
Baghdad	15.4%	Kirkuk	0.1%
Anbar	0.4%	Babylon	0.1%

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Sunni Muslim	59.0%	Kurd Yazidi	0.3%
Kurd Sunni Muslim	26.2%	Chaldean Christian	0.3%
Arab Shia Muslim	9.8%	Arab Sabean Mandeian	0.3%
Kurd Shia Muslim	2.7%	Arab Christian	0.1%
Turkmen Sunni Muslim	0.4%	Turkmen Shia Muslim	0.1%

Priority Needs of Sulaymaniyah IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	0.6%	18.6%	80.8%	27.8%	1.1%	43.0%	1.0%	1.9%	0.5%	74.6%
Chamchamal	5.9%	29.7%	75.8%	39.8%	11.2%	59.9%	16.0%	1.9%	10.4%	71.7%
Darbandihkan	0.0%	16.4%	98.4%	55.9%	0.0%	55.1%	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%	95.2%
Dokan	1.6%	8.1%	98.7%	30.4%	0.0%	34.6%	1.6%	0.5%	0.0%	97.9%
Halabja	0.0%	7.6%	96.4%	14.0%	0.0%	39.2%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%	93.2%
Kalar	0.4%	24.8%	76.5%	41.1%	1.3%	50.9%	0.5%	3.1%	0.0%	56.0%
Pshdar	0.0%	13.6%	100%	9.1%	0.0%	31.8%	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	100%
Rania	0.0%	8.3%	97.0%	26.6%	0.0%	40.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	98.2%
Sharbazher	0.0%	0.0%	100%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%

Type of Housing Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	92.9%	7.8%	1.9%	5.1%	5.4%	2.2%
Chamchamal	96.9%	18.8%	0.0%	6.3%	3.1%	3.1%
Darbandihkan	89.3%	10.7%	4.0%	10.0%	3.3%	1.3%
Dokan	100.0%	6.7%	0.0%	4.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Halabja	96.2%	3.8%	0.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%
Kalar	90.7%	12.0%	1.7%	6.5%	6.2%	3.3%
Pshdar	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Rania	96.8%	6.5%	3.2%	6.5%	3.2%	6.5%
Sharbazher	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sulaymaniya	94.5%	2.8%	2.2%	2.8%	5.8%	1.4%
Total	92.9%	7.8%	1.9%	5.1%	5.4%	2.2%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM:

Emergency Distributions:

March 2009 - Completed trucking water to drought-affected communities, distributing 2.5 million liters of potable water to 29,000 individuals

March 2009 - Distributed non-food items to 1,200 vulnerable IDP, returnee and host community families

Thi Qar:

Security throughout Thi Qar is stable.

Assessment based on **12,034** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	57.6%	Anbar	4.2%
Salah al-Din	14.1%	Wassit	1.0%
Diyala	10.5%	Ninewa	0.7%
Kirkuk	6.4%	Muthanna	0.1%
Babylon	5.2%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	99.6%	Arab Sunni Muslim	0.1%
Arab Yazidi	0.2%	Chaldean Shia Muslim	0.1%

Priority Needs of Thi-Qar IDPs

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Other
Total	18.4%	72.1%	41.0%	8.5%	33.6%	94.0%	12.8%	3.4%	13.6%
Al-Chibayish	33.2%	74.6%	28.5%	9.5%	46.8%	95.5%	1.1%	3.5%	6.9%
Al-Rifa'i	23.1%	73.4%	45.0%	9.5%	37.3%	90.5%	4.8%	1.1%	13.3%
Al-Shatra	11.5%	53.9%	32.8%	1.1%	50.3%	92.8%	44.2%	1.0%	11.0%
Nassriya	8.3%	80.4%	52.7%	14.0%	16.6%	95.3%	2.3%	5.5%	20.8%
Suq Al-Shoyokh	28.9%	85.3%	39.0%	7.8%	13.1%	98.4%	1.0%	8.4%	11.4%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing	Other
Total	88.6%	4.3%	1.1%	6.8%	0.0%	4.6%
Al-Chibayish	88.2%	11.8%	0.0%	17.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Rifa'i	82.9%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.4%
Al-Shatra	94.4%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nassriya	91.2%	1.4%	2.0%	8.8%	0.0%	4.1%
Suq Al-Shoyokh	80.0%	8.9%	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%	6.7%

Returnees:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returned from Abroad	Inside
Total	108	30.6%	69.4%
Al-Rifa'i	63	46%	54%
Nassriya	45	8.9%	91.1%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM

Emergency Distributions:

May 2009 - Completed distribution of food and NFIs to 661 highly vulnerable, mostly IDP families

Community Assistance Projects:

March 2009 – Rehabilitated a local school benefiting 1,395 students

Wassit:

Security in Wassit is stable.

312 IDP families in Al Jawadeen residential complex and 298 IDP families in Al Hakeem location, both in Kut district, are squatting with no claim to their housing. They lack access to potable water and many face health complications as a result. Some of the families are living in houses constructed with mud, insufficient for shelter from the elements.

Assessment based on **16,154** families.

Places of Origin:

Baghdad	67.8%	Babylon	0.7%
Diyala	28.9%	Kirkuk	0.6%
Salah al-Din	1.0%	Basrah	0.1%
Anbar	0.9%		

Ethnicity/Religion:

Arab Shia Muslim	98.3%	Arab Sunni Muslim	0.1%
Kurd Shia Muslim	0.2%		

Date of Displacement

District	Water	Shelter	Food	Education	Health	Access to work	Sanitation	Legal help	Hygiene	Other
Total	41.5%	54.3%	62.4%	2.6%	28.6%	84.2%	6.8%	11.8%	3.1%	4.8%
Al-Azezia	55.0%	31.2%	65.0%	7.3%	33.6%	79.6%	0.0%	20.9%	1.6%	5.7%
Al-Hai	55.6%	39.3%	60.0%	3.2%	40.5%	76.7%	6.2%	13.6%	2.3%	2.9%
Al-Namaniya	53.6%	37.2%	64.6%	2.5%	25.7%	82.4%	20.4%	10.0%	0.9%	2.8%
Al-Suwaira	40.6%	50.1%	60.8%	2.5%	27.7%	86.5%	1.8%	8.2%	3.9%	18.0%
Badra	17.7%	82.3%	42.2%		9.0%	96.4%	48.7%		3.6%	
Kut	35.3%	63.5%	62.9%	1.7%	26.3%	86.2%	5.7%	11%	3.7%	3.7%
Total	41.5%	54.3%	62.4%	2.6%	28.6%	84.2%	6.8%	11.8%	3.1%	4.8%
Al-Azezia	55.0%	31.2%	65.0%	7.3%	33.6%	79.6%	0.0%	20.9%	1.6%	5.7%

Type of Property Left Behind:

District	House	Land for agriculture	Apartment or room	Shop or small business	Land for housing
Total	73.8%	8.2%	19.7%	1.6%	1.6%
Al-Azezia	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Hai	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Na'maniya	100.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Suwaira	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Badra	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kut	63.4%	4.9%	29.3%	2.4%	2.4%

Returns:

District	Number of Returnees Identified by IOM	Returnees from Abroad	Inside
Total	123	26.8%	73.2%
Al-Azezia	60	0.0%	0.0%
Al-Hai	8	75%	25%
Al-Na'maniya	6	83.3%	16.7%
Al-Suwaira	17	0.0%	100%
Kut	32	68.8%	31.2%

Recent assistance conducted by IOM**Emergency Distributions:**

May 2009 - Completed distribution of essential non-food items to 1200 vulnerable IDP, host community and returnee families

Community Assistance Projects:

March 2009 – Pilot project planning and providing transportation to potential returnees

September 2009 – Facilitating a hygiene awareness campaign through youth centres

Business Start-Up Projects:

Helped 11 individuals plan and start a business

Please note that displacement and return are occurring on a continuous basis, and IOM strives to update this information as frequently as possible. Through its monitoring and needs assessments, IOM has also developed Governorate Needs Assessment Profiles, Yearly and Mid-year reviews, returnee needs assessments, and other reports. For these and information on the IOM's needs assessment methodology, see <http://www.iom-iraq.net/idp.html>.

For further information on IDPs and returnees in Iraq, please contact Rex Alamban, Head of IOM Iraq Joint Operations Cell at ralamban@iom.int or Liana Paris, IOM Monitoring Officer, at lparis@iom.int (+962 6 565 9660 extensions 1067 and 1033).